



PAR-003-001507

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. V) (CBCS) Examination

October / November - 2018

C - 503 : Physical And Analytical Chemistry

Faculty Code : 003

Subject Code : 001507

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** (1) Question one contains 20 short questions of one mark each. All are compulsory.
- (2) Question 2 and 3 carries 25 marks each with internal option.

1 Answer the following questions : 20

- (1) Write Plank's statement of second law of thermodynamics.
- (2) Define: Work function.
- (3) What is cyclic process ?
- (4) Write relation between ΔG and equilibrium constant K.
- (5) Give the definition of Unit cell.
- (6) Write Vant Hoff isochore equation.
- (7) What is an Anisotropoc?
- (8) Draw the structure of BCC lattice crystal.
- (9) What is Tie line in phase diagram?
- (10) Give one example of one pair of partially miscible liquid.
- (11) Give formula for student T-test.
- (12) Give example of external indicator.
- (13) Give example of basic buffer.

- (14) Define : Standard deviation.
- (15) Give wavelength range of photo chemical reaction.
- (16) What is Back titration?
- (17) Draw titration curve of H_3PO_4
- (18) Give formula of Magnesia mixture.
- (19) Which reagent is used for separation of mixture of Cl^{-1} , Br^{-1} and I^{-1} ?
- (20) What is transmittance?

2 (a) Answer the following questions : (any **three**) **6**

- (1) Derive a question $\Delta G = nRT \ln \frac{V_1}{V_2}$
- (2) Give the Boltzmann equation related with entropy.
- (3) What is free energy?
- (4) Discuss Bravais lattice.
- (5) Discuss Critical point in short.
- (6) One heat engine is working at that time temperature of source is $120^\circ C$ and sink is $15^\circ C$, calculate the work efficiency of heat engine.

(b) Answer the following questions : (any **three**) **9**

- (1) Prove that the decrease in work function is equal to maximum work.
- (2) Discuss the effect of pressure on the m. p. of paraffin wax and ice.
- (3) Explain Liquid crystal in short.
- (4) Explain any two applications of Gibbs Helmholtz equation.
- (5) Derive Bragg's equation.
- (6) At $27^\circ C$ temperature, 5 mole of an ideal gas expanded 8 litre to 80 litre in volume, calculate the entropy change. $[R = 1.987 \text{ cal/deg. Mole}]$

(c) Answer the following questions : (any two) 10

- (1) Explain Carnot's cycle with derivation.
- (2) Derive Clausius Clapeyron equation with its integration form.
- (3) Discuss the ternary system for one pair of partially miscible liquid with phase diagram.
- (4) Explain Powder method for the internal analysis of crystal.
- (5) For the reaction, $N_{2(g)} + O_{2(g)} \rightarrow 2NO_{(g)}$ at $2300K$ equilibrium constant is 16.9×10^{-4} and at $3000K$ equilibrium constant is 160.6×10^{-4} , calculate the enthalpy change.

$$[R = 1.987 \text{ cal/deg.mole}]$$

3 (a) Answer the following questions : (any three) 6

- (1) Explain Absolute error and Relative error.
- (2) Explain soluble salt and sparingly soluble salt.
- (3) Explain factors affecting Beer's law.
- (4) Define : Equivalent weight and Normality.
- (5) Explain Primary standard.
- (6) How many grams of $KMnO_4$ is required to prepare $0.05N$, $250ml$ aqueous $KMnO_4$ solution?

(b) Answer the following questions : (any three) 9

- (1) What are significant figures?
- (2) If there is a lack of absorbance by product and reactant explain by diagram.
- (3) Explain precipitation titration by Volhard's method.

- (4) Explain separation of PO_4^{-3} , AsO_4^{-3} and AsO_4^{-3} present in the mixture.
- (5) Give difference between Accuracy and Precision.
- (6) Derive Lambert's – Beer's law.

(c) Answer the following questions : (any two) 10

- (1) Explain methods of minimization of error.
- (2) Explain neutralization titration of strong acid-strong base with graph.
- (3) What is Iodimetry and Iodometry estimation? Explain Iodimetry titration.
- (4) Explain separation of CO_3^{-2} , SO_3^{-2} and S^{-2} present in mixture.
- (5) What is spectrophotometric estimation? Explain any two titrations.
